Nicole Galloway, CPA Missouri State Auditor

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Pulaski County

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CITIZENS SUMMARY

Findings in the audit of Pulaski County

County Controls and	The county lacks adequate controls and procedures to account for fuel used				
Procedures	by the road and bridge department and County Assessor's office. Some budgets for county funds do not reasonably reflect the anticipated financial activity and cash balances, reducing the effectiveness of the budget as a tool for monitoring or controlling disbursements. For many county funds, including the General Revenue Fund and the Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund, budgeted disbursements equal available resources, resulting in a projected ending cash balances of \$0. Actual disbursements were significantly less than budgeted for the General Revenue Fund and Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund in 2018.				
Sheriff's Controls and Procedures	The bookkeeper does not deposit civil paper service fees until the papers are served, and procedures have not been established to routinely follow-up on outstanding checks.				
Prosecuting Attorney's Controls and Procedures	The Prosecuting Attorney's office does not deposit receipts timely, and procedures have not been established to routinely follow-up on outstanding checks.				
Additional Comments	Because counties are managed by several separately-elected individuals, an audit finding made with respect to one office does not necessarily apply to the operations in another office. The overall rating assigned to the county is intended to reflect the performance of the county as a whole. It does not indicate the performance of any one elected official or county office.				

In the areas audited, the overall performance of this entity was Good.*

*The rating(s) cover only audited areas and do not reflect an opinion on the overall operation of the entity. Within that context, the rating scale indicates the following:

- **Excellent:** The audit results indicate this entity is very well managed. The report contains no findings. In addition, if applicable, prior recommendations have been implemented.
- **Good:** The audit results indicate this entity is well managed. The report contains few findings, and the entity has indicated most or all recommendations have already been, or will be, implemented. In addition, if applicable, many of the prior recommendations have been implemented.
- Fair: The audit results indicate this entity needs to improve operations in several areas. The report contains several findings, or one or more findings that require management's immediate attention, and/or the entity has indicated several recommendations will not be implemented. In addition, if applicable, several prior recommendations have not been implemented.
- **Poor:** The audit results indicate this entity needs to significantly improve operations. The report contains numerous findings that require management's immediate attention, and/or the entity has indicated most recommendations will not be implemented. In addition, if applicable, most prior recommendations have not been implemented.

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Organization and Statistical Information



NICOLE GALLOWAY, CPA Missouri State Auditor

County Commission and Officeholders of Pulaski County

We have audited certain operations of Pulaski County in fulfillment of our duties under Section 29.230, RSMo. In addition, McBride, Lock & Associates, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, was engaged to audit the financial statements of Pulaski County for the year ended December 31, 2018. The scope of our audit included, but was not necessarily limited to, the year ended December 31, 2018. The objectives of our audit were to:

- 1. Evaluate the county's internal controls over significant management and financial functions.
- 2. Evaluate the county's compliance with certain legal provisions.
- 3. Evaluate the economy and efficiency of certain management practices and procedures, including certain financial transactions.

Our methodology included reviewing minutes of meetings, written policies and procedures, financial records, and other pertinent documents; interviewing various personnel of the county, as well as certain external parties; and testing selected transactions. We obtained an understanding of internal controls that are significant within the context of the audit objectives and assessed whether such controls have been properly designed and placed in operation. We also obtained an understanding of legal provisions that are significant within the context of the audit objectives, and we assessed the risk that illegal acts, including fraud, and violations of applicable contract, grant agreement, or other legal provisions could occur. Based on that risk assessment, we designed and performed procedures to provide reasonable assurance of detecting instances of noncompliance significant to those provisions.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards applicable to performance audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform our audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objectives. We believe that the evidence obtained provides such a basis.

The accompanying Organization and Statistical Information is presented for informational purposes. This information was obtained from the county's management and was not subjected to the procedures applied in our audit of the county.

For the areas audited, we identified (1) deficiencies in internal controls, (2) no significant noncompliance with legal provisions, and (3) the need for improvement in management practices and procedures. The accompanying Management Advisory Report presents our findings arising from our audit of Pulaski County.

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Nicole R. Galloway, CPA State Auditor

The following auditors participated in the preparation of this report:

Kelly Davis, M.Acct., CPA, CFE Todd M. Schuler, CPA Shannon Spicer, MBA Albert Borde-Koufie, MBA Troy Tallman, CFE Emmett Spradlin

Pulaski County Management Advisory Report State Auditor's Findings

	ty Controls Procedures	Controls and procedures over fuel use need improvement. In addition, budgets need to reflect realistic disbursement estimates.
1.1 Fuel us	e	The county lacks adequate controls and procedures to account for fuel used by the road and bridge department and County Assessor's office.
		The fuel purchased by the road and bridge department is stored in bulk fuel tanks at 4 road and bridge sheds. County Assessor's office personnel charge fuel to the county's account at a local convenience store. During the year ended December 31, 2018, fuel purchases totaled approximately \$139,000 for the road and bridge department and \$1,500 for the County Assessor's office.
		A formal reconciliation of fuel use to fuel purchases for the bulk tanks is not prepared. Logs of fuel dispensed from bulk fuel tanks are maintained by road and bridge department personnel. County officials indicated fuel use is compared to fuel purchases; however, this review is not documented. In addition, mileage and usage logs are not maintained for the road and bridge department or the County Assessor's office vehicles and equipment.
		Procedures for maintaining and reviewing mileage and fuel use logs and reconciling the information to fuel purchased are necessary to ensure vehicles and equipment are properly utilized; prevent paying vendors for improper amounts; and decrease the risk of loss, theft, or misuse of fuel occurring and going undetected. Mileage and usage logs are necessary to document the appropriate use of vehicles and equipment and to support fuel purchases.
		A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.
1.2 Budget	S	Some budgets for county funds do not reasonably reflect the anticipated financial activity and cash balances, reducing the effectiveness of the budget as a tool for monitoring or controlling disbursements. For many county funds, including the General Revenue Fund and the Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund, budgeted disbursements equal available resources, resulting in a projected ending cash balance of \$0. Actual disbursements were significantly less than budgeted for the General Revenue Fund and the Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund in 2018. This practice also impacts projected and actual cash balances of each fund budgeted in this way. We identified similar budget practices for 2016 and 2017.
		As noted in the following table, the County Commission significantly overestimated disbursements for the General Revenue Fund and the Law Enforcement Sales Tax Fund for the 2018 budgets, and as a result the actual ending cash balances were significantly higher than the projected ending cash balances.



Pulaski County Management Advisory Report - State Auditor's Findings

			Year Ended D	December 31, 2018	
			General	Law Enforcement	
			Revenue	Sales Tax	
	Budgeted disbursements	\$	4,020,997	2,546,296	
	Actual disbursements		3,682,459	1,746,466	
	Budgeted over actual				
	disbursements	\$	338,538	799,830	
	Projected ending cash balar	nce \$	0	0	
	Actual ending cash balance		539,543	921,600	
	Actual over projected endir	ng 🗌			
	cash balance	\$	539,543	921,600	
Recommendations	The County Commission:				
	significant discrep addition, the Cou	significant discrepancies should be promptly in addition, the County Commission and County As require mileage and usage logs be maintained for al			
	1.2 Ensure budgets disbursements and	-		estimates of anticipa	
Auditee's Response	The County Commission pr	ovided	the following re	sponses:	
	1.1 We agree and will and purchases is			reconciliation of fuel llv, and any signifi	

1.2 We agree and will make every effort to ensure budgeted expenditures and cash balances more closely reflect anticipated activity for each fund.

The County Assessor provided the following response:

logs are maintained in the future.

1.1 I agree and will ensure mileage and usage logs are maintained in the future.



Pulaski County Management Advisory Report - State Auditor's Findings

	Sheriff's Controls and Procedures	Sheriff weapor miscell	as and procedures in the Sheriff's office need improvement. The s office collected monies for civil paper service fees, concealed carry a permits, jail phone commissions, commissary profits, and other aneous receipts totaling approximately \$271,000 during the year December 31, 2018.
2.1 D	Depositing	served. invoice Februar ranging papers include 2018, t	okkeeper does not deposit civil paper service fees until the papers are The bookkeeper records the receipt of these monies on prenumbered s and a spreadsheet when received. During a cash count performed on ry 26, 2019, we identified 23 checks, totaling \$2,037, with dates from June 1, 2018, to February 19, 2019, for service fees for civil not served. In the same cash count we identified \$1,035, which d 13 other checks, totaling \$1,015, with dates ranging from May 8, o February 21, 2019, for service fees for civil papers that had been This money should have been deposited based on office procedures.
			to implement adequate depositing procedures increases the risk that eft, or misuse of monies could occur and go undetected.
2.2 C	Dutstanding checks	outstan Sheriff Twenty year du	heriff has not established procedures to routinely follow-up on ding checks. As of December 31, 2018, 61 checks issued from the s fee account totaling \$3,317 had been outstanding for over one year. -seven of the checks were also identified as outstanding for over one ring our prior audit. In addition, as of December 31, 2018, 23 checks from the commissary account totaling \$96 had been outstanding for e year.
		prevent	ures to routinely follow up on outstanding checks are necessary to the accumulation of monies in the account and ensure monies are riately disbursed to the payee or as otherwise provided by state law.
	lar conditions iously reported	Similar	conditions were noted in our prior audit report.
Rec	ommendations	The Sh	eriff:
		2.1	Ensure monies received are deposited intact and timely.
		2.2	Establish procedures to routinely investigate outstanding checks. Old outstanding checks should be voided and reissued to payees that can be readily located. If payees cannot be located, the monies should be disposed of in accordance with state law.
Aud	litee's Response	2.1	I agree and have already taken steps to implement the recommendation.
		2.2	I agree and will implement the recommendation.



Pulaski County Management Advisory Report - State Auditor's Findings

3.	Prosecuting Attorney's Controls and Procedures	improv \$175,0	Is and procedures in the Prosecuting Attorney's office need ement. The Prosecuting Attorney's office collected approximately 00 in bad check and court-ordered restitution, delinquent taxes, and fees during the year ended December 31, 2018.		
3.1	Depositing	The Prosecuting Attorney's office does not deposit receipts timely. example, \$7,813 in restitution receipted from November 30, 2018, thr December 13, 2018, was not deposited until December 14, 2018.			
			to implement adequate depositing procedures increases the risk that eft, or misuse of monies could occur and go undetected.		
3.2	Outstanding checks	The Prosecuting Attorney has not established procedures to routinely follow- up on outstanding checks. As of December 31, 2018, 97 checks issued from the restitution account totaling \$8,855 had been outstanding for over one year, with 7 checks dating back to 2013. In addition, as of December 31, 2018, 22 checks issued from the 3 bad check accounts totaling \$1,864 had been outstanding for over one year, with one check dating back to 2012.			
		preven	ures to routinely follow up on outstanding checks are necessary to t the accumulation of monies in the account and ensure monies are riately disbursed to the payee or as otherwise provided by state law.		
Re	commendations	The Pr	osecuting Attorney:		
		3.1	Ensure monies received are deposited timely.		
		3.2	Establish procedures to routinely investigate outstanding checks. Old outstanding checks should be voided and reissued to payees that can be readily located. If payees cannot be located, the monies should be disposed of in accordance with state law.		
Αt	iditee's Response	3.1	My office generally deposits weekly. The period selected by the auditors for testing was during a transition period between clerks and when another clerk was on vacation, which contributed to the delay in depositing during that period.		
		3.2	I agree and have already implemented this recommendation and have adopted procedures to turn over unclaimed monies every six months.		

Pulaski County Organization and Statistical Information

Pulaski County is a county-organized, third-class county. The county seat is Waynesville.

Pulaski County's government is composed of a three-member county commission and separate elected officials performing various tasks. All elected officials serve 4-year terms. The county commission has mainly administrative duties in setting tax levies, appropriating county funds, appointing board members and trustees of special services, accounting for county property, maintaining county roads and bridges, and performing miscellaneous duties not handled by other county officials. Principal functions of these other officials relate to law enforcement, property assessment, property tax collections, conduct of elections, and maintenance of financial and other records important to the county's citizens. In addition to elected officials, the county employed 92 full-time employees and 12 part-time employees on December 31, 2018.

In addition, county operations include the Senate Bill 40 Board, the Senior Citizens Service Board, and eight Neighborhood Improvement Districts.

Elected Officials The elected officials and their compensation paid for the year ended December 31 (except as noted) are indicated below:

Officeholder	2019	2018
Gene Newkirk, Presiding Commissioner \$		34,832
Lynn Sharp, Associate Commissioner		32,297
Rickey Zweerink, Associate Commissioner		33,575
Rachelle Beasley, Circuit Clerk and Ex Officio		
Recorder of Deeds (1)		
Brent Bassett, County Clerk		50,871
Kevin Hillman, Prosecuting Attorney		138,644
Jimmy Bench, Sheriff		57,703
Sue Rapone, County Treasurer		50,871
Nicholas Pappas, County Coroner		16,036
Loretta Rouse, Public Administrator		53,174
Terri Mitchell, County Collector (2),		
year ended February 28,	64,839	
Daniel Whittle, County Assessor,		50,357
year ended August 31,		
Don Mayhew, County Surveyor (3)		

(1) Compensation is paid by the state.

(2) Includes \$13,099 of commissions earned for collecting city property taxes.

(3) Compensation on a fee basis.